

② a)

$$1) w(x, y, z) = w_0 \exp(-a(x^2 + y^2))$$

$$2) \nabla_h w = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial w(x, y, z)}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial w(x, y, z)}{\partial y} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2aw_0 x \exp(-a(x^2 + y^2)) \\ -2aw_0 y \exp(-a(x^2 + y^2)) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= -2aw_0 \exp(-a(x^2 + y^2)) \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$$

$$3.a) \vec{S} = \frac{\partial \vec{V}}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \begin{pmatrix} u_0 + S_x z \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} S_x \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$4.a) p^* \approx C \cdot 2 \rho_0 \vec{S} \cdot \nabla_h w$$

$$p^* \approx C \cdot 2 \rho_0 \begin{pmatrix} S_x \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot [-2aw_0 \exp(-a(x^2 + y^2)) \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}]$$

$$= -C \cdot 2 \rho_0 2aw_0 \exp(-a(x^2 + y^2)) [S_x x + 0 \cdot y]$$

$$= -4C \rho_0 a w_0 S_x \exp(-a(x^2 + y^2)) x$$

$$= -4 \cdot 10^6 \text{ m} \cdot 1 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} \cdot \frac{1}{2} 10^{-6} \frac{1}{\text{m}^2} \cdot 20 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} 10^{-21} \frac{1}{\text{s}}$$

$$= -0,4 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3 \text{s}^2}$$

$$= -0,4 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3 \text{s}^2} \exp(-0,5 \cdot 10^{-6} \frac{1}{\text{m}^2} (x^2 + y^2)) \cdot x$$

Units:

$$\frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3 \text{s}^2} \cdot \text{m} = \frac{\text{kg m}}{\text{s}^2 \text{m}^3} = \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^3} = \text{Pa} \checkmark$$

$$= -0,4 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3 \text{s}^2} \exp(-0,5 \cdot 10^{-6} \frac{1}{\text{m}^2} \cdot 1000^2 \text{m}^2) \cdot x$$

$$= -0,243 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3 \text{s}^2} x$$

Values in table 1. Figure an interpretation after the table

②⑥ 3.6) $\vec{S} = \frac{\partial \vec{V}}{\partial z} = -V_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \begin{bmatrix} \cos(2\pi - \pi \frac{z}{z_0}) \\ \sin(2\pi - \pi \frac{z}{z_0}) \end{bmatrix}$

$$= V_0 \frac{\pi}{z_0} \begin{bmatrix} \sin(2\pi - \pi \frac{z}{z_0}) \\ \cos(2\pi - \pi \frac{z}{z_0}) \end{bmatrix}$$

4.6) $p^* \approx C \cdot 2 \cdot \rho_0 \cdot \vec{S} \cdot \nabla_h w$

$$= C \cdot 2 \rho_0 \cdot V_0 \frac{\pi}{z_0} \begin{bmatrix} \sin(2\pi - \pi \frac{z}{z_0}) \\ \cos(2\pi - \pi \frac{z}{z_0}) \end{bmatrix} \left[-2aw_0 \exp(-a(x^2 + y^2)) \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \right]$$

$$= -C \cdot 2 \rho_0 \cdot V_0 \frac{\pi}{z_0} \cdot 2aw_0 \exp(-a \cdot 1000^2) \cdot$$

$$= -0,381 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^2 \text{s}^2} [\sin(2\pi - \pi \frac{z}{z_0})x + \cos(2\pi - \pi \frac{z}{z_0})y]$$

$$= -0,381 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^2 \text{s}^2} \left[x \begin{cases} z=0 & : 0 \\ z=2000 & : -1 \\ z=4000 & : 0 \end{cases} + y \begin{cases} z=0 & : 1 \\ z=2000 & : 0 \\ z=4000 & : -1 \end{cases} \right]$$

Units:

$$\left[\frac{V_0}{z_0} \right] = [S_x] \checkmark$$

Values in table 1. Figure an interpretation after the table

② Table 1

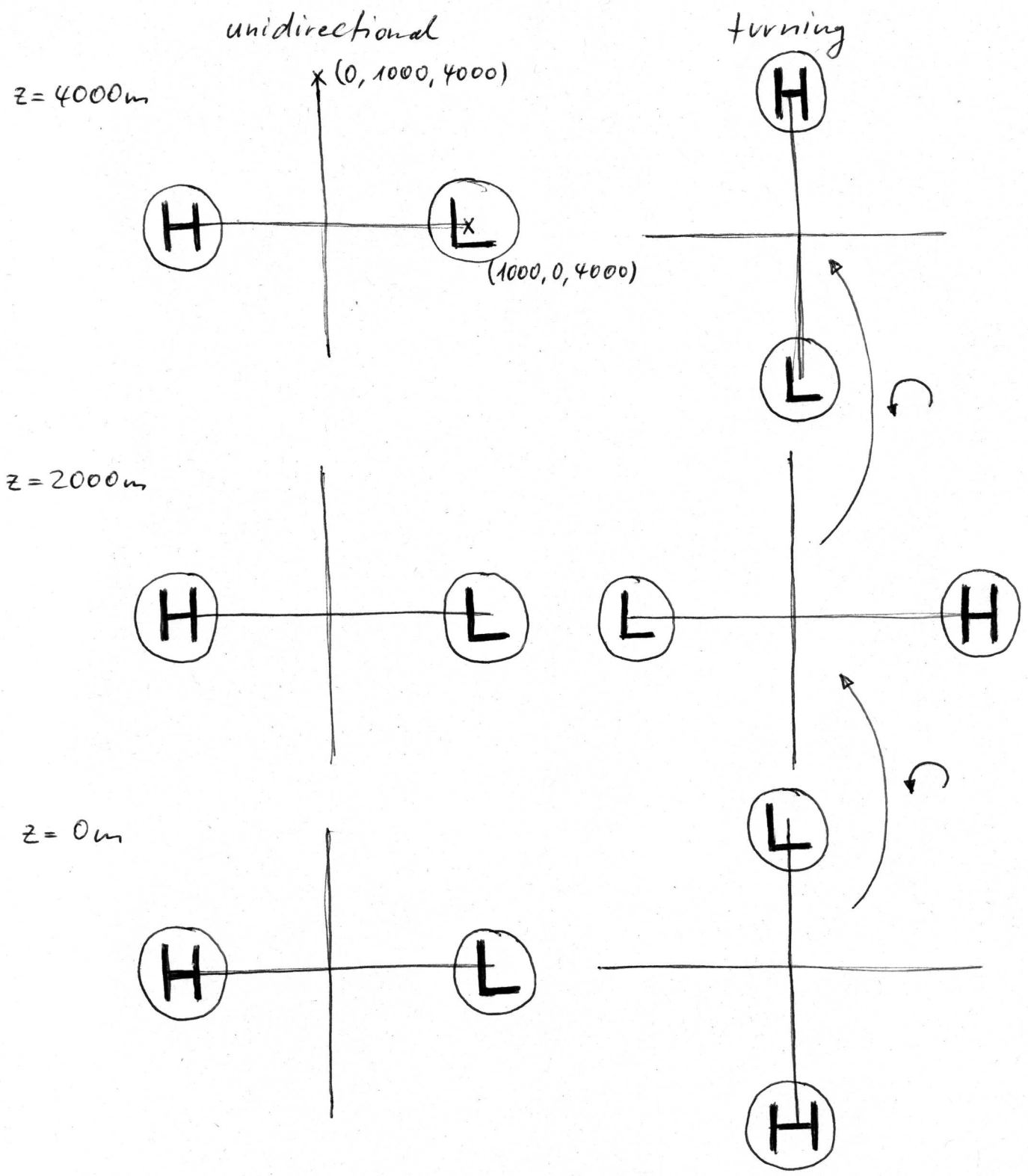
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Table 1: p^* for unidirectional and turning wind shear

Position [m]	p^* (unidirectional 4.a)) [Pa]	p^* (turning 4.b)) [Pa]
$\vec{x}_1 = (1000, 0, 0)$	-242,6	0
$\vec{x}_2 = (-1000, 0, 0)$	+242,6	0
$\vec{x}_3 = (0, 1000, 0)$	0	-381,1
$\vec{x}_4 = (0, -1000, 0)$	0	+381,1
$\vec{x}_5 = (1000, 0, 2000)$	-242,6	+381,1
$\vec{x}_6 = (-1000, 0, 2000)$	+242,6	-381,1
$\vec{x}_7 = (0, 1000, 2000)$	0	0
$\vec{x}_8 = (0, -1000, 2000)$	0	0
$\vec{x}_9 = (1000, 0, 4000)$	-242,6	0
$\vec{x}_{10} = (-1000, 0, 4000)$	+242,6	0
$\vec{x}_{11} = (0, 1000, 4000)$	0	+381,1
$\vec{x}_{12} = (0, -1000, 4000)$	0	-381,1

② Figure

wind shear



③ i)

$$0) \quad w_{\max}^2 = \frac{C_k}{C_p} \varepsilon T_s \left[\ln(\theta_{es}^*) - \ln(\theta_e) \right]$$

$$1) \quad \frac{C_k}{C_p} = 1,2$$

$$2) \quad \varepsilon = \frac{T_B - T_0}{T_0} = \frac{T_s - T_0}{T_0} = \frac{\begin{cases} 300K \\ 302K \\ 305K \end{cases} - 206K}{206K} = \begin{cases} 0,456 \\ 0,466 \\ 0,481 \end{cases}$$

$$3) \quad T_s = \begin{cases} 300K \\ 302K \\ 305K \end{cases}$$

$$4) \quad \theta_{es}^* = \theta \exp \left(\frac{L q_{sat}(T_s)}{C_p T_s} \right)$$

$$5) \quad \theta = \frac{T_B}{\underbrace{\left(\frac{p}{p_s} \right)^{\frac{R}{C_p}}}_{=T_s}} = \begin{cases} 300K \\ 302K \\ 305K \end{cases} \left(\frac{10^5 Pa}{10^5 Pa - 2000 Pa} \right)^{\frac{287,04 \frac{J}{kg \cdot K}}{3,5 \cdot 287,04 \frac{J}{kg \cdot K}}} = \begin{cases} 301,74K \\ 303,75K \\ 306,77K \end{cases}$$

$$6) \quad RH = 100\% \frac{p q}{\varepsilon_0 p_{sat}(T_s)}$$

$$q = \frac{RH \varepsilon_0 p_{sat}(T_s)}{100\% p_s} = \frac{75\% \cdot 0,622 \cdot \begin{cases} 3536,76 Pa \\ 3974,42 Pa \\ 4719,13 Pa \end{cases}}{100\% (10^5 - 2000) Pa} = \begin{cases} 1,68 \cdot 10^{-2} \frac{kg}{kg} \\ 1,89 \cdot 10^{-2} \frac{kg}{kg} \\ 2,25 \cdot 10^{-2} \frac{kg}{kg} \end{cases}$$

$$7) \quad q_{sat} = \frac{\varepsilon_0 p_{sat}(T_s)}{p_s} = \frac{q}{0,75} = \begin{cases} 1,68 \cdot 10^{-2} \frac{kg}{kg} \\ 1,89 \cdot 10^{-2} \frac{kg}{kg} \\ 2,25 \cdot 10^{-2} \frac{kg}{kg} \end{cases} \frac{1}{0,75} = \begin{cases} 2,24 \cdot 10^{-2} \frac{kg}{kg} \\ 2,52 \cdot 10^{-2} \frac{kg}{kg} \\ 3,00 \cdot 10^{-2} \frac{kg}{kg} \end{cases}$$

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$$4.1) \quad \theta_{es}^* = \begin{cases} 301,74K \\ 303,75K \\ 306,77K \end{cases} \exp \frac{2,53 \cdot 10^6 \frac{J}{kg} \begin{cases} 2,24 \cdot 10^{-2} \frac{kg}{kg} \\ 2,52 \cdot 10^{-2} \frac{kg}{kg} \\ 3,00 \cdot 10^{-2} \frac{kg}{kg} \end{cases}}{3,5 \cdot 287,04 \frac{J}{kg \cdot K} \begin{cases} 300K \\ 302K \\ 305K \end{cases}} = \begin{cases} 364,30K \\ 374,86K \\ 392,84K \end{cases}$$

③_β

$$8) \theta_c = \theta \exp \left(\frac{L q}{c_{p,m} T} \right)_{T_B = T_s}$$

$$= \begin{cases} 301,74 \text{ K} \\ 303,75 \text{ K} \\ 306,77 \text{ K} \end{cases} \exp \left(\frac{2,53 \cdot 10^6 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{kg}} \cdot \begin{cases} 1,68 \cdot 10^{-2} \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{kg}} \\ 1,89 \cdot 10^{-2} \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{kg}} \\ 2,25 \cdot 10^{-2} \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{kg}} \end{cases}}{3,5 \cdot 287,04 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{kg K}} \cdot \begin{cases} 300 \text{ K} \\ 302 \text{ K} \\ 305 \text{ K} \end{cases}} \right) = \begin{cases} 347,54 \text{ K} \\ 355,66 \text{ K} \\ 369,28 \text{ K} \end{cases}$$

$$0,1) v_{\max}^2 = \frac{c_k}{c_D} \cdot c_p \cdot \begin{cases} 0,456 \\ 0,466 \\ 0,481 \end{cases} \begin{cases} 300 \text{ K} \\ 302 \text{ K} \\ 305 \text{ K} \end{cases} \left[\ln \left(\begin{cases} 364,30 \text{ K} \\ 374,86 \text{ K} \\ 392,84 \text{ K} \end{cases} \right) - \right]$$

$$= 1205,57 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{kg K}}$$

Units:

$$\frac{\text{J K}}{\text{kg K}} = \frac{\text{Nm}}{\text{kg}} = \frac{\text{kg m m}}{\text{s}^2 \text{ kg}} = \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} \checkmark$$

$$\ln \left(\begin{cases} 347,54 \text{ K} \\ 355,66 \text{ K} \\ 369,28 \text{ K} \end{cases} \right) = \begin{cases} 88,17^2 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} \\ 94,46^2 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} \\ 104,52 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} \end{cases}$$

$$0,2) v_{\max} = \begin{cases} 88 \text{ m/s} \\ 94 \text{ m/s} \\ 105 \text{ m/s} \end{cases} \begin{matrix} \leftarrow 300 \text{ K} = T_s \\ \leftarrow 302 \text{ K} = T_s \\ \leftarrow 305 \text{ K} = T_s \end{matrix}$$

③ ii) Equation (49) from the lecture:

$$0) \quad p_c = p_{\max} \exp \left(- \frac{v_{\max}^2}{2RT_B} \right)$$
$$= (10^5 - 2000) \text{ Pa} \exp \left(- \frac{\begin{cases} 88,17^2 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} \\ 94,46^2 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} \\ 104,52 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} \end{cases}}{2 \cdot 287,04 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{kg K}} \begin{cases} 300 \text{ K} \\ 302 \text{ K} \\ 305 \text{ K} \end{cases}} \right)$$

$$= \begin{cases} 93674 \text{ Pa} \\ 93084 \text{ Pa} \\ 92072 \text{ Pa} \end{cases} = \begin{cases} 937 \text{ hPa} \\ 931 \text{ hPa} \\ 921 \text{ hPa} \end{cases}$$

Pressure deviation:

$$1) \quad p_{\max} - p_c = (10^5 - 2000) \text{ Pa} - \begin{cases} 93674 \text{ Pa} \\ 93084 \text{ Pa} \\ 92072 \text{ Pa} \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} 43,26 \text{ hPa} \\ 49,16 \text{ hPa} \\ 59,28 \text{ hPa} \end{cases}$$